

The input signal is converted into a digital form and stored in memory. It is then converted back into analog signal, reconstructed and presented to CRT display.

- The logic control provides the synchronous operation of the oscilloscope.its functions include:
- 1)To receive trigger pulses.
- 2)To determine sampling rate of ADC.
- 3)Controlling entry of data into store.
- 4)Controlling the release of data stored into DAC.
- 5)Controlling DAC by determining its speed and release of data of the CRT.

- Applications of storagee oscilloscope:-
- To display and analyse trasient waveform .
- To display low frequency waveforms without flicker.
- To provide comparison between stored and real time waveforms.
- Pre triggering viewing.
- Interfacing to computer/printer etc.

Oscilloscope Amplifiers

- A.C.coupled amplifiers
- D.C.coupled amplifiers
- Narrow bandwidth amplifiers
- Broad bandwidth amplifiers
- Vertical amplifier
- Horizontal amplifier

VIRTUAL LAB LINK

http://iitg.vlab.co.in/?sub=61&br ch=174&sim=1058&cnt=3105