Suppose that $-\mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{X}_{4}, \mathrm{X}_{5}, \& \mathrm{X}_{6}$ are basic in the current tableau：
pIVOT

$$
\begin{array}{|rrrrrrrr}
\hline-\mathrm{Z} & \mathrm{X}_{1} & \mathrm{X}_{2} & \mathrm{X}_{3} & \mathrm{X}_{4} & \mathrm{X}_{5} & \mathrm{X}_{6} & \text { RHS } \\
1 & 2 & 10 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 12 \\
0 & 5 & 7 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\
0 & 10 & 4 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 8 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

If we pivot on＂ 10 ＂in row 4 ，column 2，the result is

| -Z | $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{6}$ | RHS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0 | 9.2 | 2.4 | 0 | 0 | -0.2 | -1.6 |
| 0 | 0 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 1 | 0 | 0.9 | 4.8 |
| 0 | 0 | 5 | 2.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.8 |

As a result of this pivot，$X_{6}$（which was previously basic in row 4）has become nonbasic，replaced by $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ ．

囚⿴囗囚囚囚囚囚囚囚囚囚囚

This pivot operation consisted of 4 elementary row operations:

1. Multiply row $\# 4$ by 0.1 to replace the pivot element by 1 :

| -Z | $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{6}$ | RHS |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 0 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| 0 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.8 |

2. Subtract 5 times row 4 from row 3:

| -Z | $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{6}$ | RHS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 0 | 0 | 5 | 2.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.8 |

3. Subtract 9 times row 4 from row 2 :

| -Z | $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{6}$ | RHS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 1 | 0 | 0.9 | 4.8 |
| 0 | 0 | 5 | 2.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.8 |

4. Subtract 2 times row 4 from row 1 :

| -Z | $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{6}$ | RHS |
| ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0 | 9.2 | 2.4 | 0 | 0 | -0.2 | -1.6 |
| 0 | 0 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 1 | 0 | 0.9 | 4.8 |
| 0 | 0 | 5 | 2.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.8 |

After the first row operation, the sequence of the other three is arbitrary!


| -Z | $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{6}$ RHS |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 0 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| 0 | 10 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 |

Other sequences of elementary row operations can result in 1 in the pivot location and zero elsewhere in the column-they are NOT pivot operations!

Suppose we subtract 0.4 times row 3 from row 1:

| -Z | $\mathrm{X}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ | $\mathrm{X}_{6}$ | $\mathrm{RHS}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 0 | 7.2 | 1.4 | 0 | 0.4 | 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 0 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| 0 | 1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 0.1 | 0.8 |

This gives us the desired " 0 " in row 1 of the $X_{1}$ column... but notice what has happened to the column for $\mathrm{X}_{5}$ !

