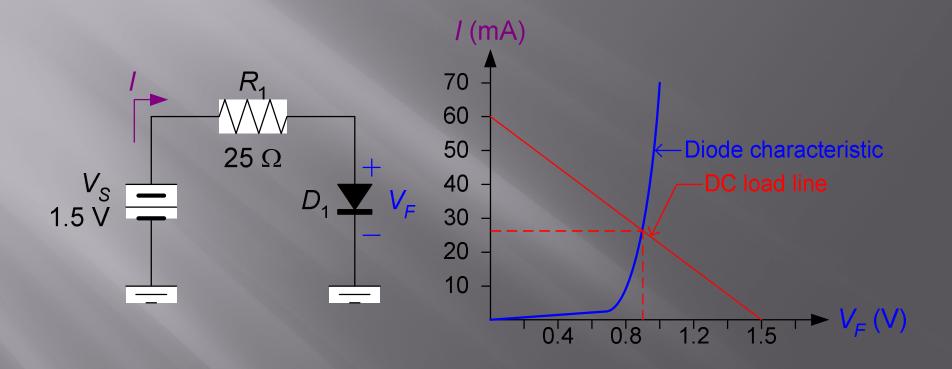


## **DC Load Line**



Load line eq.:

$$I = \frac{V_S - V_F}{R_1} = \frac{1.5 V - V_F}{25 \Omega}$$

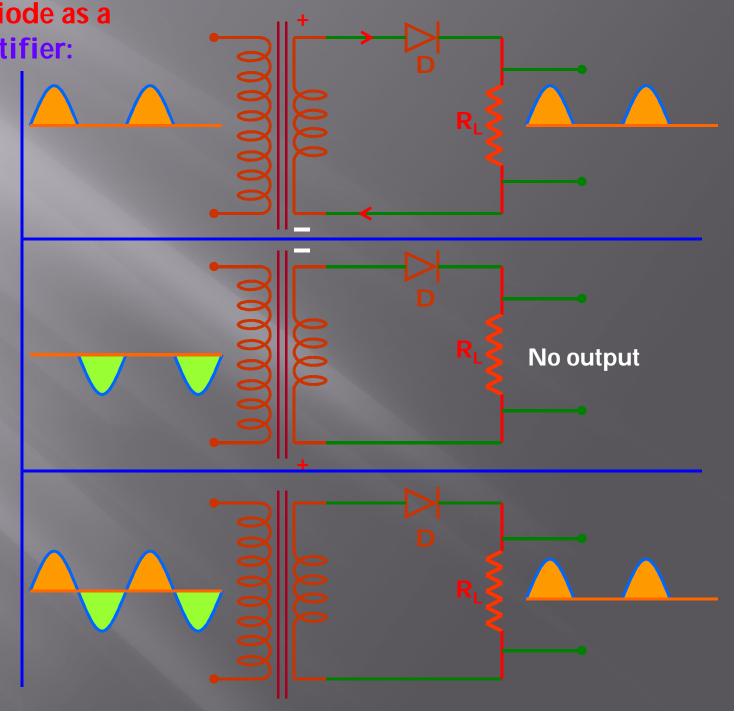
## PN Junction Diode as a

Half Wave Rectifier:

The process of converting alternating current into direct current is called 'rectification'.

The device used for rectification is called 'rectifier'.

The PN
junction diode
offers low
resistance in
forward bias
and high
resistance in
reverse bias.

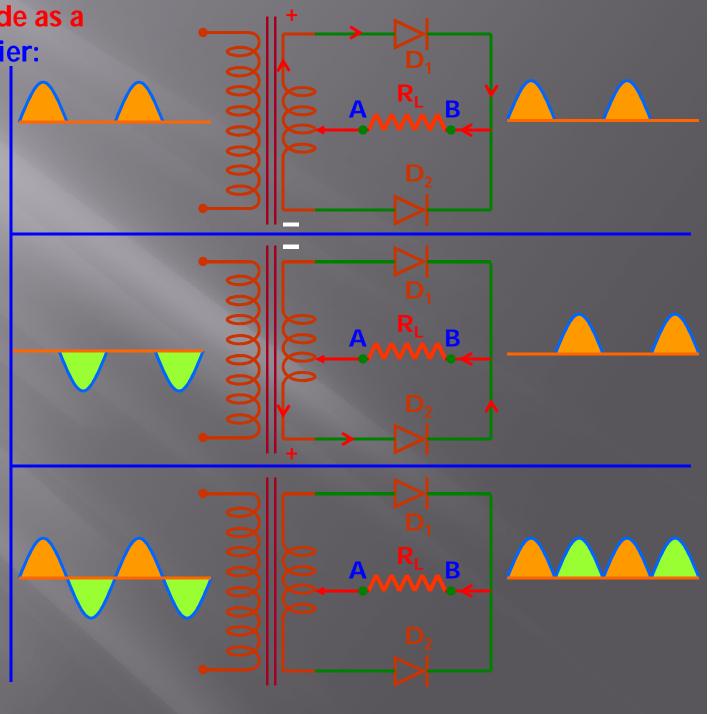


PN Junction Diode as a Full Wave Rectifier:

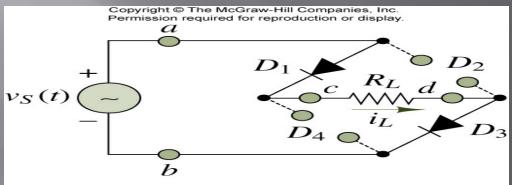
When the diode rectifies whole of the AC wave, it is called 'full wave rectifier'.

During the positive half cycle of the input ac signal, the diode D<sub>1</sub> conducts and current is through BA.

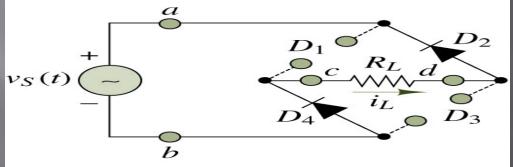
During the negative half cycle, the diode D<sub>2</sub> conducts and current is through BA.



## BRIDGE RECTIFIER



During the positive half-cycle of  $v_S(t)$ ,  $D_1$  and  $D_3$  are forward-biased and  $i_L = v_S(t)/R_L$  (ideal diodes).



During the negative half-cycle of  $v_S(t)$ ,  $D_2$  and  $D_4$  are forward-biased and  $i_L = -v_S(t)/R_L$  (ideal diodes).