

## CLIPPER

Clippers or diode limiting is a diode network that have the ability to "clip" off a portion on the $\mathrm{i} / \mathrm{p}$ signal without distorting the remaining part of the alternating waveform.

- Clippers are used to eliminate amplitude noise or to fabricate new waveforms from an existing signal.
- 2 general of clippers:
a) Series clippers
b) Parallel clippers


## Series Clippers

- The series configuration is defined as one where the diode is in series with the load.
- A half-wave rectifier is the simplest form of diode clipper-one resistor and diode.



## CLIPPER DIODE CIRCUIT


(a)

(b)

The diode "clips" any voltage that does not put it in forward bias. That would be a reverse biasing polarity and a voltage less than 0.7 V for a silicon diode.



- +ve region turn the diode ON.
- -ve region turn the diode OFF.
- Vi > V to turn ON the diode
- In general diode is open ckt (OFF state) and short ckt (ON state)
- For $\mathrm{Vi}>\mathrm{V}$ the $\mathrm{Vo}=\mathrm{Vi}-\mathrm{V}$
- For $\mathrm{Vi}=\mathrm{V}$ the $\mathrm{Vo}=0 \mathrm{~V}$
- The complete ckt shown above


## EXAMPLE: VARIATIONS OF THE CLIPPER CIRCUIT

-Determine the o/p waveform for the network below:



## Solution:



## PARALLEL CLIPPERS

- The diode connection is in parallel configuration with the o/p.
- Diode is ideal


By taking the output across the diode, the output is now the voltage when the diode is not conducting.






A DC source can also be added to change the diode's required forward bias voltage.

## Example:

-Determine the Vo and sketch the o/p waveform for the below network



## Solution:

-     + ve region






## Solution (continued): <br> - - ve region





## CLIPPER CIRCUITS SUMMARY

Simple Series Clippers (Ideal Diodes)
POSITIVE


Biased Series Clippers (Ideal Diodes)


NEGATIVE



## CLIPPER CIRCUITS SUMMARY

Simple Parallel Clippers (Ideal Diodes)


Biased Parallel Clippers (Ideal Diodes)


